

MINISTER OF TRANSPORTATION'S
REPORT TO THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR 2011
ON THE TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS ACT (1990)

INTRODUCTION

The Northwest Territories *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act* (1990) came into effect on August 1, 1991 and is amended from time to time. The *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act* is the territorial complement of the federal *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*. The *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations* were first amended on August 15, 2002 to meet the clear language requirements and is further amended from time to time. Where the federal legislation applies to the transportation modes subject to its jurisdiction (i.e., air, marine, rail and road transport), the territorial Act applies to road transport operations. In the interests of consistency and national uniformity, the territorial Act references the federal regulations pursuant to the federal Act. In this way, dangerous goods moving in Canada from one mode of transportation to another and/or between jurisdictions are always subject to the same regulations.

Section 62 of the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act* requires the Minister of Transportation to table an Annual Report in the Legislative Assembly. It reads as follows:

62. (1) The Minister shall, in respect of the administration of this Act and the Regulations in a year, cause to be prepared a report describing any:

- a) permit issued under subsection 4 (1) ;
- b) application made under subsection 7 (1);
- c) amendment, cancellation or suspension of a permit under paragraph 10 (d) ;
- d) order issued under subsection 31 (1) ;
- e) report made under subsection 34 (1) ;
- f) directive issued under subsection 35 (1) ;
- g) appeal commenced under section 36 ;
- h) action taken by the Government of the Northwest Territories for the recovery of reasonable costs and expenses under section 38 ;
- i) proceedings instituted in respect of an offence under this Act of the regulations ;
and
- j) conviction for a contravention of this Act or the Regulations.

(2) The Minister shall table the report referred to in subsection (1) at the first session of the Legislative Assembly after the expiry of the year that is the subject of the report.

PROFILE OF DANGEROUS GOODS ON NORTHWEST TERRITORIES HIGHWAYS

The Department of Transportation's Road Licensing and Safety Division currently employs 9 Highway Transport Officers who weigh and inspect motor carrier traffic reporting to its weigh scale facilities at Enterprise, and Inuvik. On road monitoring of motor carrier traffic is also conducted by the Highway Transport Officers on mobile patrols in all regions. Highway Transport Officers are trained and designated as Dangerous Goods Inspectors.

While the weigh scales are open, the officers on duty record the types and approximate quantities of dangerous goods moving through their facility by noting the product identification numbers affixed to the vehicles. The volume of specific dangerous goods is determined by averaging the volume for each vehicle configuration and product. In 2011, approximately 11,810 loaded transports reported to the Enterprise and Inuvik scales for inspection. Of these 3,301 were transporting dangerous goods. According to these figures, about 27.9 percent of the loaded transport trucks travelling on Northwest Territories' highways are carrying dangerous goods. Hydrocarbon fuels account for the majority of dangerous goods traffic on the highway system. Traffic data from other sources, most notably the Fort Providence Weigh-in-Motion Scale, report 18,151 northbound trucks in 2011, compared to 17,821 in 2010, a 2 percent increase. It can be assumed that the quantities of dangerous goods transported in the Northwest Territories increased by a similar amount.

The number of trucks reporting to each of the Weigh Scales and the number of those trucks carrying dangerous goods is shown in the following table.

Scale	Number of Trucks Reporting at Weigh Scales	Number of Trucks Carrying Dangerous Goods
Enterprise	8,967	2,883
Inuvik	2,853	418
Total	11,810	3,301

The following table lists the dangerous goods most commonly carried by truck transports in the Northwest Territories. These quantities are based on the traffic flow through the Weigh Scales at Enterprise and Inuvik during hours of operation.

Commodity	Enterprise	Inuvik
Fuel Oil/ Diesel – Heating	76,352,000 l	4,396,000 l
Gasoline – Automotive	10,089,000 l	1,418,000 l
Aviation Fuels	17,897,000 l	3,637,000 l
Propane	7,679,000 l	465,000 l
Ammonium Nitrate	3,654,000 Kg	0 Kg
Sodium Cyanide	46,900 Kg	0 Kg
Explosives	17 Trucks	0 Kg

PERMITS – 4(1), APPLICATIONS- 7(1) and AMENDMENTS 10(d)

The sections of the TDG Act dealing with permits, applications for permits and their amendment read as follows:

4(1) The Minister may, in accordance with this act and the Regulations, issue permits exempting the transportation of dangerous goods from the application of this Act or the regulations.

7(1) Subject to subsections (2), an application for a permit and a permit must be in writing in a form approved by the Minister.

10. The Minister may

(d) amend, cancel or suspend a permit where the Minister believes on reasonable grounds that the person holding the permit for his or her employees or agents have contravened this Act of the Regulations or a term or condition imposed on the permit.

There were no applications for permits and none were issued, amended, cancelled or suspended in 2011.

ORDERS– 31(1)

Section 31(1) reads:

31.(1) an inspector may issue an order, in accordance with subsection (2), to the owner or person in charge of the dangerous goods from a container, packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods;

- (a) there is occurring or has occurred a discharge of the dangerous goods from a container packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods;
- (b) there is a reasonable likelihood of a discharge of the dangerous goods from any container, packaging or vehicle transporting the dangerous goods; or
- (c) the dangerous goods are being transported in contravention of this Act of Regulations.

There were no formal, written orders issued in 2011.

SPIILLS– 34(1)

Section 34 of the Act pertains to the response to spills of dangerous goods. It reads:

34. (1) Where there is a discharge of dangerous goods from a container, packaging or vehicle transporting dangerous goods, or there is a reasonable likelihood of such a discharge occurring, the person who owns or has charge of the dangerous goods at the time shall, as soon as possible in the circumstances:

- (a) in accordance with the regulations, report any discharge to and inspector or a person designated by regulation;
- (b) implement the emergency plans referred to in section 1.5; and
- (c) subject to any order made under section 31, take all other reasonable emergency measures consistent with public safety to repair or remedy any dangerous condition or reduce or mitigate any danger to life, health or the environment that results or may reasonably be expected to result from the discharge.

As provided in 34(1) (a) above, the Regulations of the territorial TDG Act require that spills of dangerous goods be reported to the Northwest Territories' Spill Report Line. The Department of Indian and Northern Affairs established the Spill Report Line in 1979 by agreement with the federal and territorial agencies with responsibilities for dealing with dangerous goods spills.

The agreement establishes one telephone number to which any and all spills in the Northwest Territories are reported. The Spill Report Line is in constant readiness. When a spill is reported, the operator on duty decides which of the participating agencies has jurisdiction and passes the information on for its response. Indian and Northern Affairs Canada, Environment Canada and the territorial Department of Environment and Natural Resources now administer the Spill Report Line on a two-year rotational basis. The Spill Report Line works well in quickly directing a report to the proper agency for a prompt response.

In 2011, 7 road transport related spills were reported to the spill line. Details of the spills are as follows:

Spill Number	Date	Location	Commodity	Spill Quantity
11-031	February 19, 2011	Tibbitt to Contwoyto Winter Road, Portage #52	Diesel Fuel	60 L
11-154	May 12, 2011	Downtown Yellowknife to Niven Lake Subdivision	Diesel Fuel	Unknown
11-271	July 8, 2011	Highway #3, km 245	Diesel Fuel	110 L
11-354	September 1, 2011	Highway #1, km 457 at Fort Liard Ferry crossing	Diesel Fuel	100 L
11-387	September 29, 2011	Highway #3, km 198	Diesel Fuel	100 L
11-435	November 7, 2011	Con Mine, former Power House	Transformer Oil	20 L
11-451	December 5, 2011	Tin Can Hill, Yellowknife	Diesel Fuel	2500 L

Summary of the above shows that 4 spills were required to be reported to the Spill Report Line but only one was required to be reported under the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act*. One spill may have been required to be reported, but the quantity spilled was not known at the time of the reporting.

Of the 7 spills reported, most were required to be reported under the *Environmental Protection Act, Spill Contingency Planning and Reporting Regulations*. These regulations are more restrictive and not enforceable by Highway Transport Officers.

Directives – 35(1), Appeals – 36(1) and Recoveries – 38(1)

Sections 35, 36 and 38 of the TDG Act refer to ministerial directives, appeals against Ministerial directives and recoveries of public expenditures made to remedy abandoned or discharged dangerous goods.

35. (1) Where the Minister considers it necessary for the protection of the public, property or the environment, the Minister may direct a person engaged in the transportation of dangerous goods to cease any activity or to perform the activity in a manner consistent with the intentions of this Act.

(4) A person who receives a directive under subsection (1) may appeal the directive to the Supreme Court within 60 days receiving the directive, but that person shall comply with the directive until the appeal is finally determined.

36. (1) The Government of the Northwest Territories may claim and recover reasonable costs and expenses incurred in taking any measures under section 24, 33 or 34.

Under either the federal or the territorial/ provincial TDG Acts, Ministerial Directives are issued only in exceptional circumstances. The Minister was not required to issue any directives and no appeals to directives were made in 2011.

CITATIONS AND CONVICTIONS

In 2011 the Department of Transportation issued 8 Summary Offence Tickets for violations of the Northwest Territories *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (1990)* and the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations*.

- 2 Summary Offence Tickets were issued for transporting means of containment containing dangerous goods without displaying safety marks in accordance with TDG Act.
- 4 Summary Offence Tickets were issued for displaying improper safety marks.
- 1 Summary Offence Ticket was issued for displaying misleading safety marks.
- 1 Summary Offence Tickets was issued for employer directing employee to handle dangerous goods without adequate training or without training certificate.